## The Piggott School: Charvil Primary



'Go and do Likewise' Luke 10:25, -37 The Parable of the Good Samaritan We live with love and compassion, seeking help in times of need

## **Curriculum Map: Music Year 4**

*To know what 'A Capella' means*To know what harmony means *To know what ostinato means	*To know that changing the dynamics of a musical phrase or motif can change the texture of a piece	*To know that changing the dynamics of a musical phrase or	*To know that samba music originated in Brazil, South America	*To know composing contrasting sections	*To understand that musical motifs are
*To know what a vocal ostinato is *To know what 'performance directions' are		motif can change the texture of a piece	and its main musical feature is syncopated rhythms *To know what the 'on beat' and 'off beat' are *To understand what a rhythmic break is	can add interest to music *To know what a 'loop' is *To know that changing the dynamics of a motif can change the texture of a piece *To know that combining different instruments and rhythms can create different layers called 'texture'	used as building blocks in many well-known pieces of music for example, Beethoven's fifth symphony *To know that 'transposing' a melody means changing its key, making it higher or lower pitched *To know that a motif can be adapted by changing the notes, rhythm or order of notes
*Recognising the use and development of motifs *Identifying gradual dynamic and tempo	*Singing longer songs from memory, with accuracy, control, fluency and developing sense of	*Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group	*Identifying common features between different genres, styles and traditions *Recognising, naming	*Recognising the use and development of motifs *Identifying gradual dynamic and tempo	*Recognising the use and development of motifs *Identifying gradual dynamic and tempo
** 'p' di *  an *  di	stening Recognising the use not development of notifs	stening Recognising the use and development of actifs ldentifying gradual ynamic and tempo  Performing *Singing longer songs from memory, with accuracy, control, fluency and developing sense of	To know what performance irections' are   Performing Recognising the use and development of accuracy, control, fluency and awareness of their part in the group  Performing *Singing longer songs from memory, with accuracy, control, fluency and developing sense of  Performing *Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group	To know what performance irections' are  Performing Recognising the use and development of accuracy, control, identifying gradual ynamic and tempo  Performing *Singing longer songs from memory, with accuracy, control, fluency and developing sense of  *To understand what a rhythmic break is  Performing *Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group  *Identifying common features between different genres, styles and traditions *Recognising, naming	To know what performance irections' are  **To understand what a rhythmic break is  **To understand what a rhythmic break is  **To know that combining different instruments and rhythms can create different layers called 'texture'  **Stening Recognising the use and development of lootifs Recognising gradual spannic and tempo  **Singing longer songs from memory, with accuracy, control, fluency and developing sense of  **To understand what a rhythmic break is   **To understand what a rhythmic break is   **To understand what a rhythmic break is   **To know that combining different instruments and rhythms can create different layers called 'texture'  **Listening **Recognising the use and development of motifs accuracy and awareness of their part in the group  **Recognising, naming  **Recognising, naming  **Identifying gradual dynamic and tempo

\*Recognising, naming and explaining the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music \*Identifying crescendo and decrescendo \*Using musical vocabulary to discuss purpose of piece Composing \*Beginning to improvise musically with a given style \*Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition, inversion and looping \*Using letter name, graphic and rhythmic notation to label and record their compositions \*Know when to use vocabulary of the interrelated dimensions of music to suggest improvements to their own and others' work Performing \*Singing longer songs from memory, with

accuracy, control,

developing sense of

fluency and

control of subtle dynamic changes \*Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance \*Know when to use subtle dynamic changes to alter the tone of the music

\*Playing melody parts on tuned instruments with developing accuracy and control \*Know when to use subtle dynamic changes to alter the tone of the music

effect of the interrelated dimensions of music \*Using musical vocabulary to discuss purpose of piece Composing \*Beginning to improvise musically

with a given style \*Creating a piece of music with at least four different lavers and a structure \*Know when to use vocabulary of the interrelated dimensions of music to suggest improvements to their own and others' work

**Performing** 

\*Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance \*Playing syncopated rhythms with accuracy, control and fluency

\*Recognising, naming and explaining the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music \*Identifying crescendo and decrescendo \*Using musical vocabulary to discuss purpose of piece Composing

\*Composing a coherent piece of music in a given style with voices, bodies and instruments \*Creating a piece of music with at least four different lavers and a structure \*Know when to use vocabulary of the interrelated dimensions of music to suggest improvements to their own and others' work **Performing** \*Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and

awareness of their

\*Playing melody parts

on tuned instruments

part in the group

performance

Composing

\*Composing a coherent piece of music in a given style with voices, bodies and instruments \*Beginning to improvise musically with a given style \*Developing melodies using rhythmic variation. transposition, inversion and looping \*Using letter name, graphic and rhythmic notation to label and record their compositions \*Know when to use vocabulary of the interrelated dimensions of music to suggest improvements to their own and others' work **Performing** \*Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group

performance \*Playing melody parts on tuned instruments with developing accuracy and control

Vocabulary	expression including control of subtle dynamic changes A capella, dynamics, tempo, percussion, harmony, texture, ostinato	Crescendo, decrescendo, rhythm, tempo, pulse	Crotchets, minims, quavers, dotted minims, staff notation	Carnival, crescendo, ensemble, percussion, rhythm, samba, syncopated rhythm, pulse, off-beat, samba	with developing accuracy and control  Tempo, structure, contrast, loop, pitch, body percussion, rhythm, texture, compose, melody,	Call and response, Crotchets, minims, quavers, dotted minims, semibreve, flats, graphic notation,
Key Questions	What is a round? What is an ostinato? Layers of sound are sometimes referred to as What is a capella?	How can we use expression and dynamic changes to entertain our audience? What makes an effective performance?	How many beats is a dotted minim worth?	What is the best way to compose a melody? Where did samba music originate? What is syncopation?	keyboard  What is an arch- shaped musical structure? What is texture? What is body percussion? What is a loop?	loop, lyrics, motif, riff What is important when playing a rhythm? How do you get ready to sing? How is a motif different from a loop?
Assessment	Recording of performance. Peer assessment	Recording of class performance	Recording of class performance	Recording of class performance	Recording of class performance. Knowledge catcher	Recording of performance/ Selfassessment
Cross Curricular Links/Character Education	Geography: Rivers Individual liberty: freedom during composition  Mutual respect: collabo	Cultural: Christmas concert participation Cultural: appreciation of heritage and cultural influences ration ment and fascination about the concert is a second concert.	Maths: length of dotted minims Individual liberty: freedom during composition	Cultural: Samba/carnival Individual liberty: freedom during composition	Geography: Rainforest Individual liberty: freedom during composition	History: Romans Individual liberty: freedom during composition